Department of Obstetrics & Gynaecology - The University of Hong Kong

PREOPERATIVE INFORMATION SHEET FOR SECOND TRIMESTER TERMINATION OF PREGNANCY

Clinical diagnosis: unwanted pregnancy / _____

Indication: anxiety state / abnormal fetus / maternal medical condition /

Nature of the procedure

- insertion of vaginal tablets every 3 hours for a maximum of 5 doses per day
- food or drink will not be allowed when abdominal pain occurs
- pain killer can be provided
- vaginal bleeding and pain can occur prior to passage of fetus
- the abortion process may take more than 1 day and you will need to stay in hospital until the completion of the procedure (more than 90% chance to complete within 48 hours)
- suction evacuation may be required in case of incomplete abortion (local anaesthesia + conscious sedation/general anaesthesia)
- all tissue removed will be sent to the Department of Pathology or disposed of as appropriate unless otherwise specified
- photographic and/or video images may be recorded for education/research purpose. (Please inform our staff if you have any objection.

Benefit of the procedure: termination of pregnancy

Other consequences after the procedure:

- may experience some vaginal bleeding and abdominal cramps within 2 weeks
- may experience breast engorgement a few days after the procedure

Risks and complications may include, but are not limited to the following:

- Women who are obese, who have significant pathology, who have undergone previous surgery or who have pre-existing medical conditions must understand that the quoted risks for serious or frequent complications will be increased.
- Anaesthetic complications
- Serious

anaphylaxis caused by the drug (very rare)

excessive bleeding requiring blood transfusion (less than 1 in 100, uncommon) cervical tear (less than 1 in 100, uncommon), may result in cervical incompetence uterine rupture necessitating laparotomy +/- hysterectomy (less than 1 in 100, rare) failure of the procedure requiring alternative medications (less than 1 in 100, uncommon) congenital abnormality if the procedure was stopped and the pregnancy continues pelvic infection (3 in 100, common) affecting future fertility

• Frequent

side effects of the drug including nausea, vomiting, diarrhea, fever adverse psychological sequelae

incomplete abortion requiring suction evacuation (1 in 10, common)

• If suction evacuation is required

Serious

uterine perforation, less than 5 in 1000 women (uncommon); may result in trauma to surrounding organs necessitating laparoscopy/laparotomy

significant trauma to the cervix (rare), may result in cervical incompetence

trauma to endometrium causing intrauterine adhesions, third stage complications in future pregnancies

pelvic infection(3 in 100)

Frequent

bleeding that lasts for up to 2 weeks is very common but blood transfusion is uncommon (1-2 in

1000)

need to repeat suction evacuation, less than 5 in 100 (common)

Risk of not having the procedure:

- continuation of the pregnancy which involves risk to the physical or mental health of the pregnant woman
- delivery of a child who will suffer from physical or mental abnormality leading to serious handicap

Possible alternatives

- continuation of pregnancy and seek support from the Birthright Society or the Mothers' Choice
- others _____

Other associated procedures (which may become necessary during the operation):

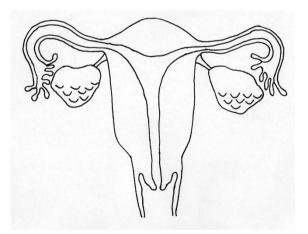
• surgical evacuation under local anaesthesia+conscious sedation/general anaesthesia

Special follow-up issue: future contraception

Statement of patient: procedure(s) which should not be carried out without further discussion

I acknowledge that the above information concerning my operation/procedure have been explained to me and discussed with me by the medical staff and I fully understand them. I have been given the opportunities to ask questions pertinent to my condition and management and satisfactory answers have been provided by medical staff.

Signature
Date



· 通過留院 QUEEN MARY HOSPITAL	Department of Obstetrics and Gynaecology	Document No.	OGGG-0510-02-01-E (I)
		Issue Date	OCT 2014
	<u>Subject</u> Second trimester termination of pregnancy	Next review date	OCT 2017
		Approved by	General Gynaecology Division, QMH
		Page	Page 2 of 2